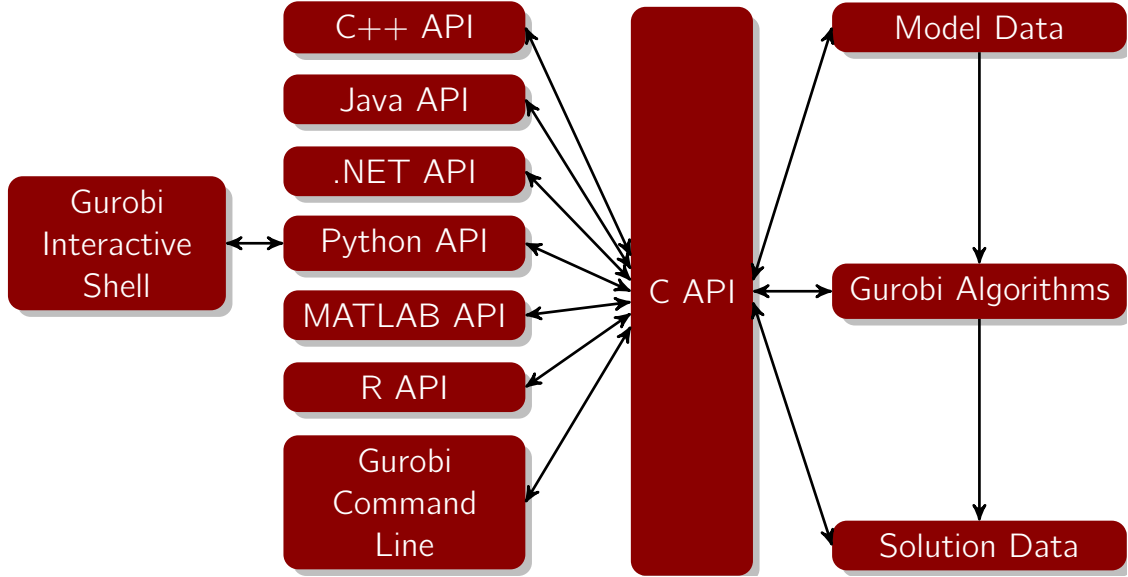




GUROBI

OPTIMIZATION



www.xixixi.com

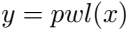
www.vivian.com



1992-1993

1992-1993

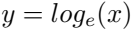
A row of ten grayscale images showing the progression of a handwritten digit '0' from a noisy, pixelated version to a clean, smooth version. The images are arranged horizontally, showing the digit being refined through various processing steps. The first image is very noisy and pixelated, while the last image is a clean, smooth representation of the digit '0'.

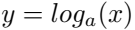


$$v = p_0 x^2 + p_1 x - 1 + p_2 x^2 + p_3 x^2 + p_4 x^2 + p_5 x^2$$

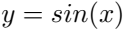


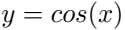


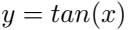












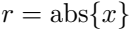








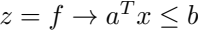
















1011











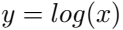




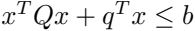












2020 + 2021 = 4041



























QWERTY



`model.addConstr(expr1 <= expr2)`

`model.addConstr(expr1 == 1)`

`model.addConstr(2 * x + 3 * y <= 4)`





```
model.addQConstr(qexpr1 <= qexpr2)
```

```
model.addQConstr(qexpr1 == 1)
```

```
model.addQConstr(2 * x * x + 3 * y * y <= 4)
```

```
model.addConstr(expr1, GRB.LESS_EQUAL, expr2)
```

```
model.addConstr(expr1, GRB.EQUAL, 1)
```

```
model.addQConstr(qexpr1, GRB.LESS_EQUAL, qexpr2)
```

```
model.addQConstr(qexpr1, GRB.EQUAL, 1)
```

`model.AddConstr(expr1 <= expr2)`

`model.AddConstr(expr1 == 1)`

`model.AddConstr($2 * x + 3 * y \leq 4$)`

model.AddQConstr($qexpr1 \leq qexpr2$)

model.AddQConstr($qexpr1 == 1$)

model.AddQConstr($2 * x * x + 3 * y * y \leq 4$)









$\sin(x) + \cos(x) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

```
model.addConstr(qexpr1 <= qexpr2)
```

```
model.addConstr(qexpr1 == 1)
```

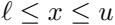
```
model.addConstr(2 * x * x + 3 * y * y <= 4)
```







$x^2 + x + 1$





1999

$x \left[\frac{1}{2} \right] = \frac{1}{2} x \left[\frac{1}{2} \right]$



$x_{\text{rev}} = x_{\text{cor}, x_{\text{rev}}}$

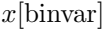


2023-2024

$\varphi_{\text{inv}} = \varphi_{\text{od}} \varphi_{\text{e}} \varphi_{\text{v}}$

$x_{\text{var}} = \text{ord}(\text{var})$

$$x[bivar] = bivar(x(v)) \text{ set the}$$

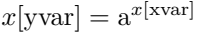




www.wwi.org

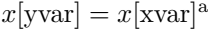
$$x[\text{var}] = p_0 x[\text{var}]^d + p_1 x[\text{var}]^{d-1} + \dots + p_{d-1} x[\text{var}] + p_d$$

www.arp.org



100% 100% 100%

$$x \log(x) = \log(x) x$$



www.birds.org.uk

2023-2024

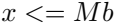
var[1] = val[1]

A pixelated, grayscale representation of the word "EWE". The letters are bold and blocky, composed of black and gray pixels on a white background. The 'E' is on the left, followed by the 'W', and then the 'E' on the right. The style is reminiscent of early digital art or a low-resolution scan of a printed word.











32

+

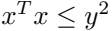
42

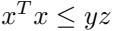
+

52

2

10









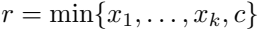
2021-2022-2023

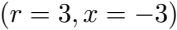
www.xbox.com

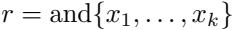


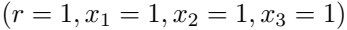




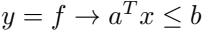








Handwritten text: "The end of the world is near"









2022.02.22

$$r = x_j + s_j \quad \text{for all } j = 1, \dots, k$$

$$r = c + s_{k+1}$$

$$z_1 + \dots + z_{k+1} = 1$$

$$SOS1(s_j, z_j) \quad \text{for all } j = 1, \dots, k + 1$$

$$s_j \geq 0 \quad \text{for all } j = 1, \dots, k + 1$$

$$z_j \in \{0, 1\} \quad \text{for all } j = 1, \dots, k + 1$$



www.xixi.com

2013







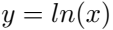




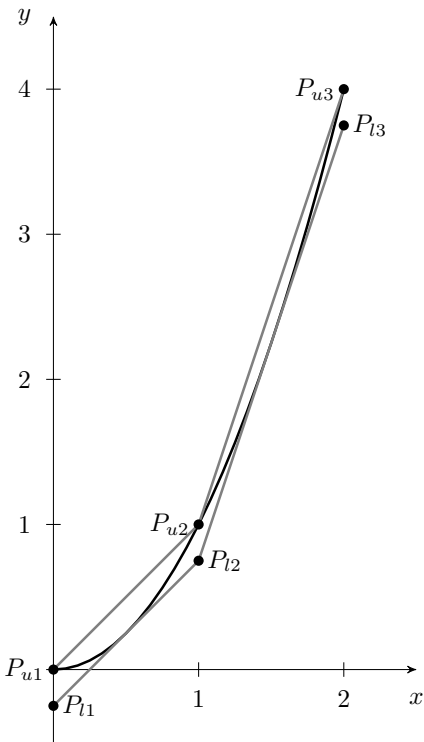
$r \geq x_j$ for all $j = 1, \dots, k$

$r \geq c$

$$p_0 x^n + p_1 x^{n-1} + \dots + p_n x + 1$$













Pravda, pravda, pravda,

Pr1025, Pr21075, Pr22375



















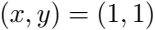
100% 100%

2020











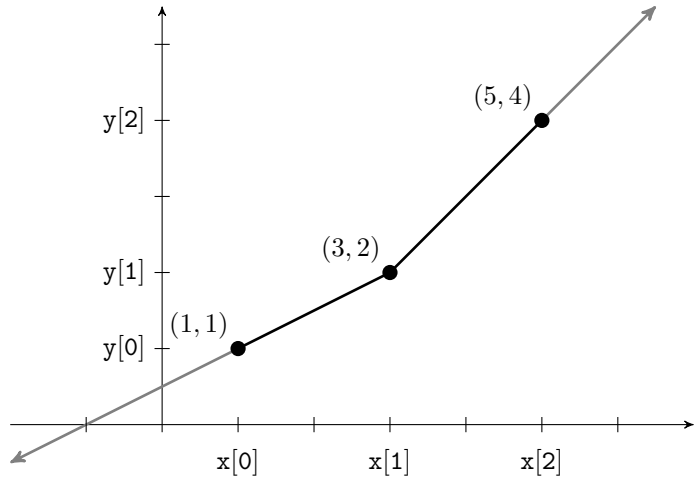










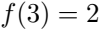












154



100005

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right] \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right] \\
 & \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right] \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{X} \\ \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

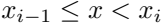
$$f(v) = \begin{cases} y_1 + \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} (v - x_1), & \text{if } v \leq x_1, \\ y_i + \frac{y_{i+1} - y_i}{x_{i+1} - x_i} (v - x_i), & \text{if } v \geq x_i \text{ and } v \leq x_{i+1}, \\ y_n + \frac{y_n - y_{n-1}}{x_n - x_{n-1}} (v - x_n), & \text{if } v \geq x_n. \end{cases}$$



$$(x-1, y-1), (x+1, y+1), (x-1, y+1), (x+1, y-1)$$

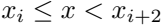


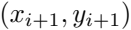


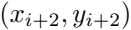


1991-1992





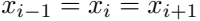


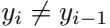




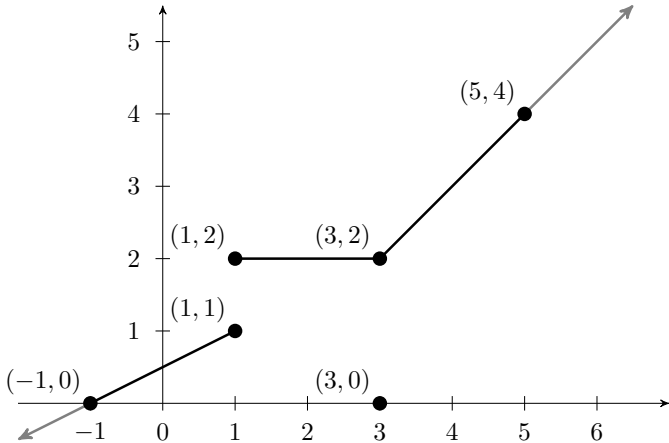


$$(x_2, x_2), (x_1, x_1), (x_2, x_1), (x_1, x_2), (x_2, x_2)$$





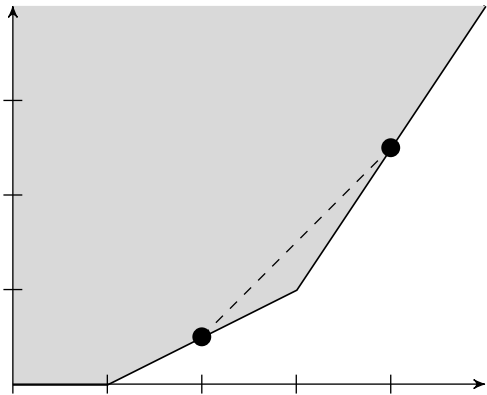




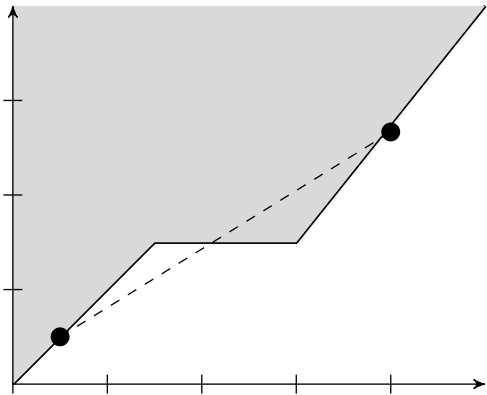
(-1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2)



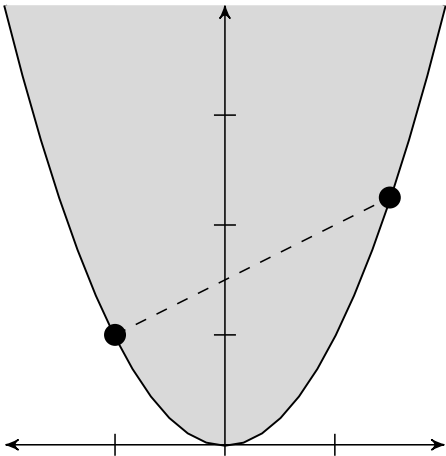








3x2 + 4x2 + 2x2 + 2x2 + 2







$$\bar{a}x = \lambda^t Ax \leq \lambda^t b = -\beta + \sum_{j: \bar{a}_j < 0} \bar{a}_j U_j + \sum_{j: \bar{a}_j > 0} \bar{a}_j L_j,$$























minimize $c'x$

subject to $Ax \geq b$

$x \geq 0$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{maximize} & b'y \\
 \text{subject to} & A'y \leq c \\
 & y \geq 0
 \end{array}$$



















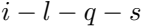




































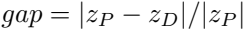




















$$(10x01^2+2x01x02+2x02x01+2x02^2)/2$$







$$\begin{array}{ll}
\text{minimize} & y - 1.3x(1 - z) + (1 - z) \\
\text{subject to} & 2y - 3x + 1.7w = 1.7 \\
& -y + x + xz(1 - v) \geq 0 \\
& -y \leq 0, \\
& v, w, x, y, z \in \{0, 1\}.
\end{array}$$







$$1 - (1 + x + x^2)(x + x^2) = 1 - x + x^2$$

100

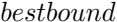






$$\text{base_value} = \max\{\text{bestsol}, \text{bestbord} - \text{gap}, \text{bestbord} + \text{gap}\}$$













12345

100100050001

0123

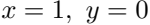
$$x - 6y = 1$$

$$0.333x - 2y = .333$$

0501050105

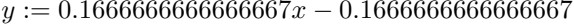
$$x - 6 \cdot (0.1665x - 0.1665) = 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 0.001x = 0.001$$

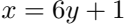


$$x - 6y = 1$$

$$0.3333333333333333x - 2y = 0.3333333333333333$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 6 \cdot (0.16666666666666667x - 0.16666666666666667) &= 1 \\
 \Leftrightarrow 2 \cdot 10^{-16}x + 1 + 2 \cdot 10^{-16} &\approx 1
 \end{aligned}$$



121010







$$\min \quad 0$$

$$s.t. \quad x \leq 0$$

$$x \geq 10^{-10}$$









we are 100% 100%



$\left(\frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x}$









Handwritten text: *Handwritten text: 10/10/10*







1000



$\frac{d}{dx} \left(x^2 + 1 \right) = 2x$



$$\begin{array}{rcl}
10^{-7}x + 10y & \leq & 10 \\
x + 10^4z & \leq & 10^3 \\
x, y, z & \geq & 0,
\end{array}$$

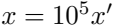
100-7 100-1

105

$$10^{-2}x' + 10y \leq 10$$

$$10^2x' + 10z \leq 1$$

$$x', y, z \geq 0,$$



10-2010-2

100-3 1001

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 10^6 y &\geq 0 \\
 y &\in [0, 10]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x - 10y_1 \geq 0$$

$$y_1 - 10y_2 = 0$$

$$y_2 - 10y_3 = 0$$

$$y_3 - 10y_4 = 0$$

$$y_4 - 10y_5 = 0$$

$$y_5 - 10y = 0$$

$$y \in [0, 10]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 10^3 y' &\geq 0 \\
 y' &\in [0, 10^4]
 \end{aligned}$$

10-23-2020





$$x \leq 10^6 y$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$y \in \{0, 1\},$$

WELCOME TO THE



$$x \leq 10^3 y$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$y \in \{0, 1\}$$





100

$$6 \cdot 10^6 / 0.0099 = 6.0606 \cdot 10^8$$













100%

$$\|b, e\| = \frac{\|A^{-1}b\|}{\|A^{-1}(b+e)\|} \leq \frac{\|b\|}{\|b+e\|}.$$

W.A. = Waxweasel

$\pi(A)$

$=$

$\lambda_1 \lambda_2 \lambda_3$







100%



max

cx

s.t.

$Ax \leq b.$

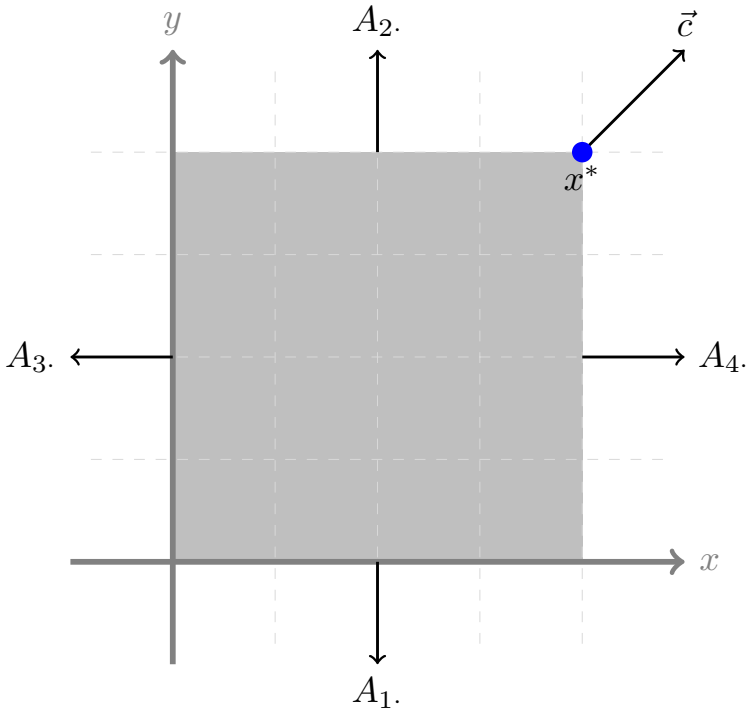
$$\begin{array}{llll}
 \max & x + y & \vec{c} = & (1, 1) \\
 s.t. & -x \leq 0 & A_1. = & (-1, 0) \\
 & x \leq 1 & A_2. = & (1, 0) \\
 & -y \leq 0 & A_3. = & (0, -1) \\
 & y \leq 1 & A_4. = & (0, 1).
 \end{array}$$



Waxen waxen
waxen waxen
waxen waxen









for 10,000

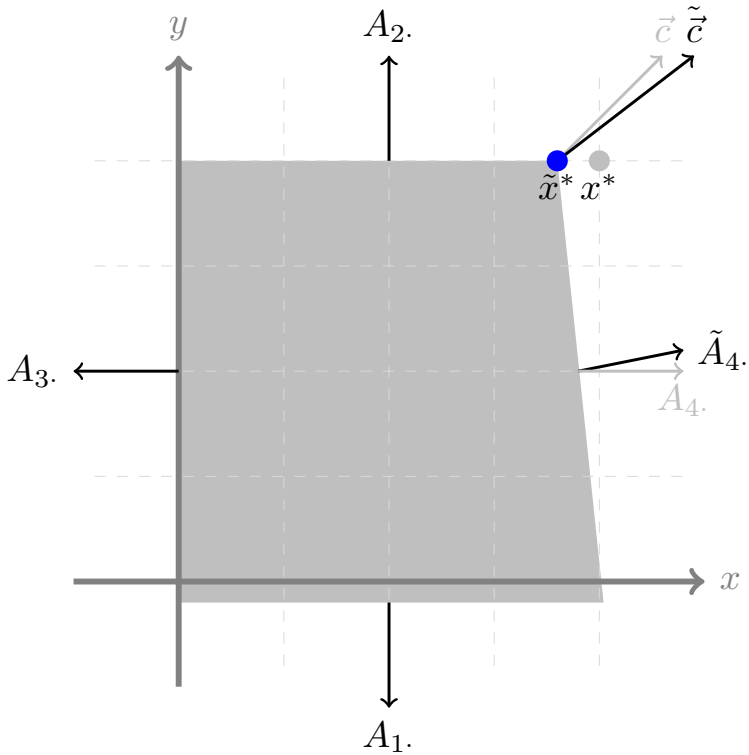


100

100

100

100



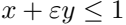




100%

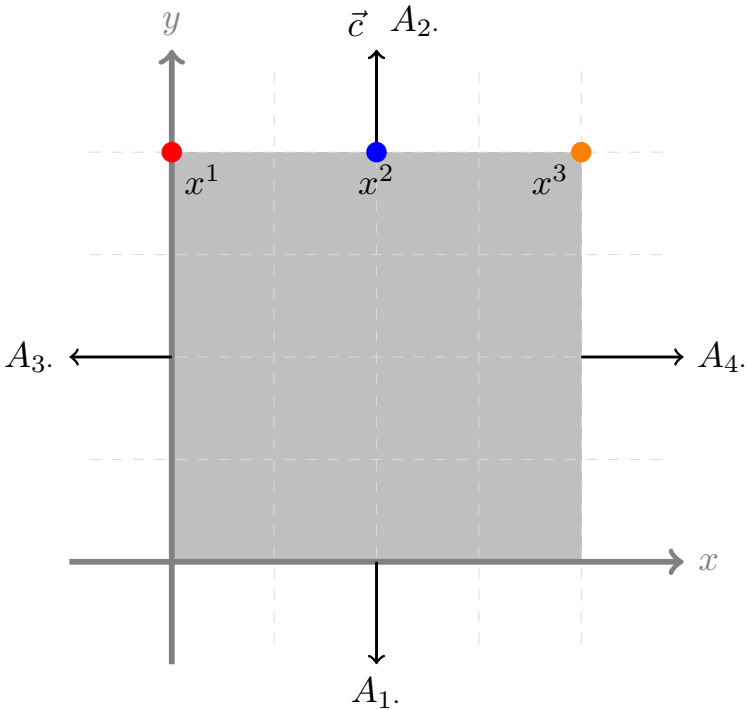


100%



A pixelated, black and white graphic of the text "100% + 50% = 150%". The text is rendered in a bold, blocky font with a dithered or pixelated appearance. The characters are composed of various shades of gray and black pixels. The plus sign is a simple cross shape. The equals sign is a horizontal line. The percentage signs are represented by a vertical line and a diagonal slash. The overall style is reminiscent of early digital art or low-resolution computer graphics.

$$\begin{array}{llll}
\max & & y & \vec{c} = (0, 1) \\
s.t. & -x \leq 0 & A_1. = & (-1, 0) \\
& x \leq 1 & A_2. = & (1, 0) \\
& -y \leq 0 & A_3. = & (0, -1) \\
& y \leq 1 & A_4. = & (0, 1).
\end{array}$$

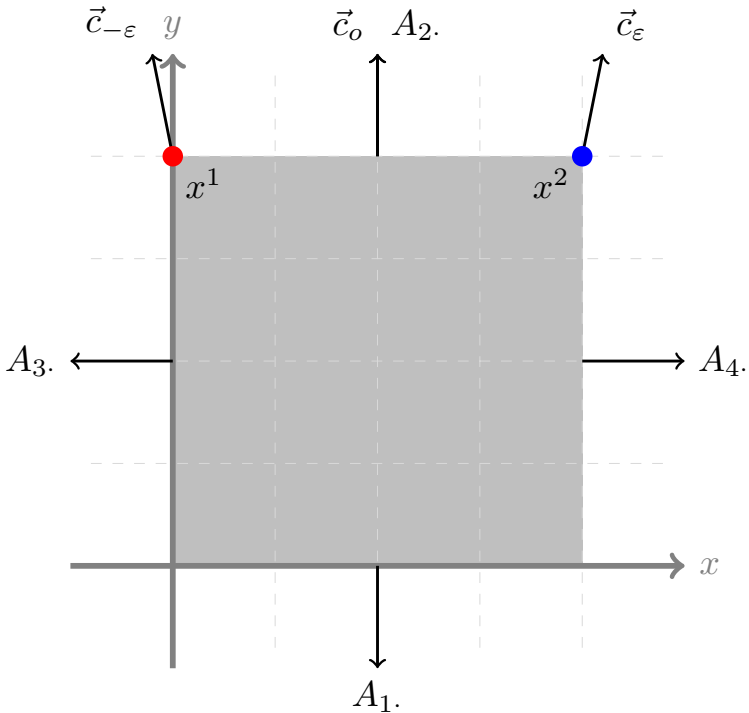








$$\begin{array}{llll}
\max & \varepsilon x + y & \vec{c} = & (\varepsilon, 1) \\
s.t. & -x \leq 0 & A_1. = & (-1, 0) \\
& x \leq 1 & A_2. = & (1, 0) \\
& -y \leq 0 & A_3. = & (0, -1) \\
& y \leq 1 & A_4. = & (0, 1).
\end{array}$$





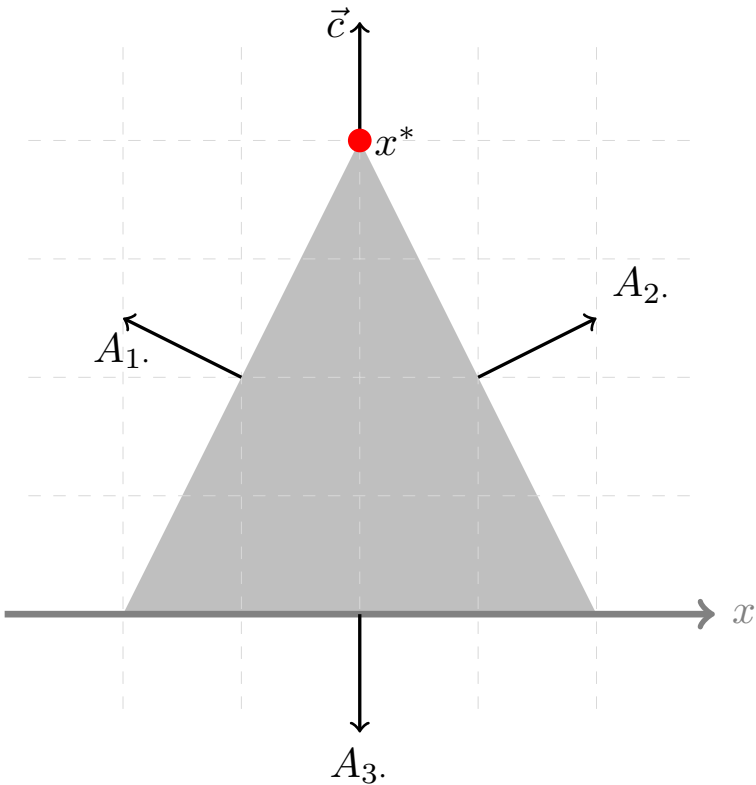


100% 1

100%



$$\begin{array}{llll}
\max & & y & \vec{c} = (0, 1) \\
s.t. & -x + \varepsilon y \leq 1 & A_1. = & (-1, \varepsilon) \\
& x + \varepsilon y \leq 1 & A_2. = & (1, \varepsilon) \\
& -y \leq 0 & A_3. = & (0, -1)
\end{array}$$

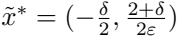






1001







||x*

—

x*

||1

=

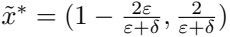
|0|
—
2

+

|0|
—
e













[illegible]





$$\sin(2\pi \frac{i}{10^6})x + \cos(2\pi \frac{i}{10^6})v \leq 1, \forall i \in \{1, \dots, 10^6\},$$



